



Online Management System for the Screens III

Manage your program and meet reporting requirements with one easy-to-use system



The image shows a "Parent Report—Self-help and Social-Emotional Scales" form for the BRIGANCE Early Childhood Screen III (3-5 years). The form is designed for parents to complete and includes sections for "Existing Skills" and "Self-help & Social-Emotional Scales". It contains various questions and checkboxes for parents to mark, such as "Does your child use a spoon?" and "Does your child use the spoon to stir in his/her mouth without turning the spoon upside down with little or no spilling of food?". The form also includes a section for "Teacher's Name" and "Child's Date of Birth". The form is titled "BRIGANCE Early Childhood Screen III 3-5 years" and is part of the "Parent Report—Self-help and Social-Emotional Scales" series.



Report



Screen

BRIGANCE® Screen III Four-Year-Old Child Data Sheet

A. Child Name: Mia Thomas
Parent/Guardian: Deborah and Rob Thomas
Address: 3022 Hartland Drive

Date of Screening: 2018
Birth Date: 2013
Age: 4

Screening Information:
Screening: 2018
Teacher: Ben Thompson
Examiner: Ben Thompson

C. Screening Information

Area	Screening	Score	Notes
1. General Development	2018	2018	2018
2. Language Development	2018	2018	2018
3. Social Interaction	2018	2018	2018
4. Fine Motor Skills	2018	2018	2018
5. Gross Motor Skills	2018	2018	2018
6. School Readiness	2018	2018	2018
7. Total Score	2018	2018	2018

D. Notes/Observations: Library observation and feedback

E. Next Steps: Review cutoffs and refer for further evaluation



Instruct

MY LEARNING PLAN

I am learning to read the letters of the alphabet.

Dear Parents,

Your child is working on **writing numerals in order**. There are many things you can do at home to help your child learn this important skill. Use the following numeral formation as a guide when working with your child.

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

Here are some activities to try with your child:

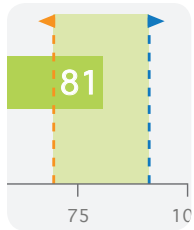
- Make a **numeral tracing card**. Use a 9" x 12" sheet of heavy-grade paper or cardboard. Write the numerals 0-9 on the card. Clip a piece of tracing paper over the card, and have your child trace each numeral.
- Use **clay to write the numerals 0-9**. Give your child a lump of clay and ask them to roll it into a snake. Then have your child try to keep the snake on the paper. Have your child write the numerals 0-9 in order on a sheet of paper. Have your child write the numerals 0-9 in order on a sheet of paper.
- Use **different media** (clay, markers, chalk, crayons) to make practicing writing numerals more fun. You might also let your child finger paint the numerals on paper, shaving cream, or even pudding.
- Have your child **make a numeral chain** on a large piece of cardboard or paper. Have your child trace the chain. Hang it in a prominent place in the self-storage area, or on your child's bedroom door.
- Make a set of **numeral flashcards 0-9** out of index cards. Show your child a numeral, and have your child write the numeral that comes before and the numeral that comes after that numeral.
- Read books with your child that show numerals in sequence. Here are a few suggestions: *One, Two, Three!* by Mercer Mayer, *One Fish, Two Fish, Three Fish, Four Fish* by John Schoenherr, *Five Little Monkeys* by Eric Carle, *Ten Little Fingers* by Margaret Wise Brown, *One, Two, Three, Four, Five* by Ann Tompkins, *One, Two, Three, Four, Five* by Ann Tompkins, *One, Two, Three, Four, Five* by Ann Tompkins.

Easily enter your screening data from the Screens III.

See your screening data come to life in easy-to-understand graphs. Quickly analyze the reports for each individual student, your entire class, or your program/district.

Download and use the many Instructional Resources provided in the Online Management System to drive instruction based on screening results.

Individual Student Reports



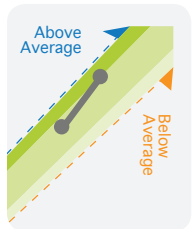
Screening Summary Report

Quickly identifies a student's overall score compared to cutoffs and provides domain-level performance

A form with sections: 'Areas(s) of Strength: Molly performed well in academic activities in...', 'Areas(s) of Need: Molly had difficulty naming pictures by naming...', 'Parent Concerns/Comments:', and 'Recommendations:'.

Parent Report

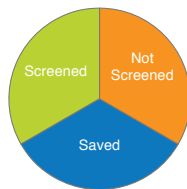
Informs parents of their child's overall performance, strengths, and needs



Screening Progress Report

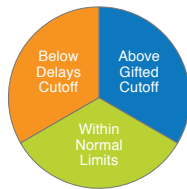
Plots a child's progress across multiple screening sessions

Class/District Reports



Screened/Not Screened Report

Provides class-/program-level information to show the percentage of children who have not yet been screened



Group Screening Summary Report

Provides an overview of screening results compared to cutoff scores

Total # of Risk Factors	At-Risk Score
3	N/A
5	15
6	30

At-Risk Report

Provides detailed information to guide decisions about at-risk children

Instructional Resources

A form with sections: 'Language Development' and 'Literacy'. Under 'Literacy' are sub-sections: 'Response To and Experience', 'Prehandwriting', 'Copies Forms', 'Visual Discrimination', and 'Print Awareness and Concepts'.

Readiness Activities

Offers quick and easy access to a wealth of instructional activities across key domains

A form titled 'MY LEARNING PLAN' with the text 'I am learning to read the letters of the alphabet.' and an illustration of children reading.

Family Connections

Strengthens school-home connections with hundreds of take-home materials in English and in Spanish

A form titled 'Supplemental Assessment' with text: 'After administering the... skills using the Supplemental Assessment... Supplemental Assessment... Two-Year-Old: English... Three-Year-Old: English... Four-Year-Old: English... Five-Year-Old: English... Kindergarten: English'.

Additional Assessment

Provides supplemental assessment resources to probe mastery of higher-level skills

Screening Summary Report

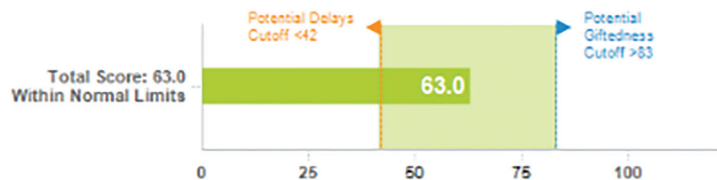
Screening Information

Student Name: Lam, Molly
Screen: Four-Year-Old Child Data Sheet
Date of Screening: 9/10/2018

Chronological Age: 4-0
Examiner: System Admin

Clearly view the child's results compared to cutoff scores

Total Score Compared to Cutoffs

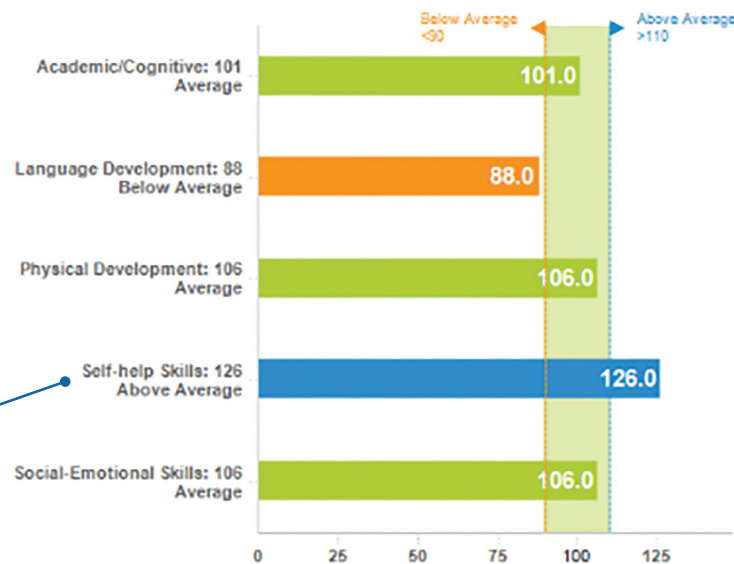


Suggested Next Steps

- Follow up on Data Sheet recommendations
- Communicate results to parents
- Provide ongoing assessment and appropriate instruction. See below for recommendations.

Automatically identify individualized next steps

Results by Domain



Recommendations for Ongoing Assessment and Instruction

For more in-depth information about this child's skills and for ongoing assessment, focus assessment in the following domains:

- Language Development

Assessments for these domains can be found in the BRIGANCE Inventory of Early Development III.

View the Screens III/IED III correlation chart.

Receive recommendations for further assessment and instruction

View scores from the Self-help and Social-Emotional Scales along with the domain scoring

Facilitate communication
with parents regarding
their child's screening
results

Parent Report

Screening Results for the BRIGANCE® Screen III

Child's Name: Molly Lam

Parent Name(s): Laura and Frank Lam

Date of Screening: 9/10/2018

Date of Conference: 09/24/18

Teacher Name and Contact Information:

Pauline Mason, pmason@schooldistrict.edu, 555-555-0176

Developmental screening is an important part of early childhood education. The purpose of a developmental screen is to determine a child's strengths and needs and to make appropriate instructional decisions for the child. Together, we can use the results of the screening to make sure your child is getting the support he or she needs to be as successful as possible.

Results of the BRIGANCE® Screen:

Score Compared to Cutoffs:

☐ Below Cutoff

☒ Above Cutoff

☐ Well Above Cutoff

Domain levels:

	Below Average	Average	Above Average
Physical Development		✓	
Language Development	✓		
Academic Skills/Cognitive Development		✓	
Self-help Skills			✓
Social-Emotional Development		✓	

Customize reports
with comments
to parents

Area(s) of Strength:

Molly performed well on Academic Skills/Cognitive Development and has so far been enjoying academic activities in the classroom.

Area(s) of Need:

Molly had difficulty with some tasks in the Language Development domain, including identifying pictures by naming and identifying parts of the body.

Parent Concerns/Comments:

Recommendations:

Work with Molly at home on the Readiness Activities we've attached, which will help her develop those critical language skills.

Resources (attach additional resources if appropriate):

Children Screened/Not Screened

Report Options

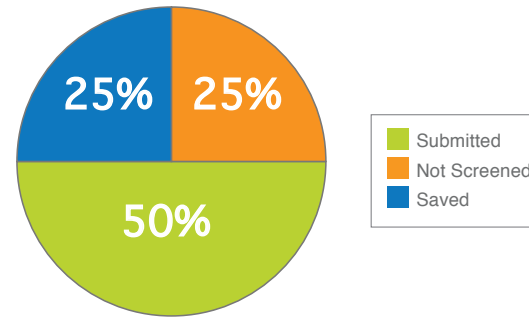
School/Class

Filter by Date ☐ Filter by Date

Start Date

End Date

Start



Export as CSV

"Saved" status means a screen has been started, but not completed, and scores are not yet calculated. "Submitted" status means a screen has been completed (i.e., data sheet fully filled out), the screen has been submitted, and the scores have been calculated.

Name ▲	Student ID ▼	Screening Status ▼	Date Last Assessed ▼
Cristina Alvarez	156813	Submitted	08/20/2018
Keshawn Brant	978313	Submitted	09/12/2018
Ashley Cheng	455413	Not Screened	04/30/2018
Sophia Ruiz	565782	Submitted	09/03/2018
Valerie Duncan	125872	Saved	09/01/2018
Elijah Ferguson	294811	Saved	09/24/2018
Dominic Cho	876530	Submitted	08/20/2018
Kayla Harvey	458826	Not Screened	03/20/2018
Molly Lam	787754	Submitted	09/10/2018
Isabella Martinez	158888	Not Screened	03/20/2018
Dylan McCabe	125469	Submitted	09/10/2018
Luis Vasquez	475125	Saved	08/01/2018

Filter by school/class and by date to see who has been screened and who has not been screened

Easily import screening data into other programs

Sort data to make sure every child has been screened by your deadline

Navigate directly to a child's record and view assessment results or enter new screening data

Screening Progress Report

Student Name: Molly Lam

Report Options

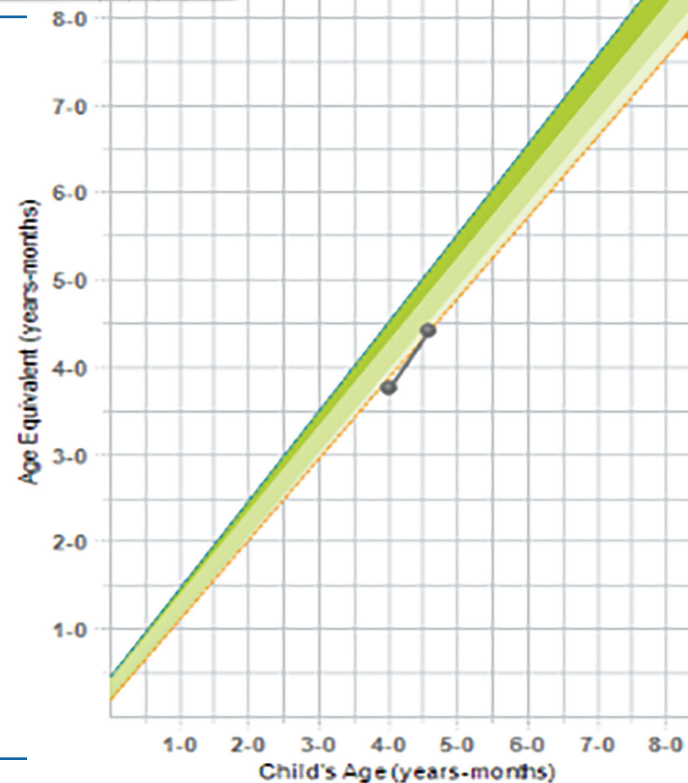
View progress
by Total Score
or by domain

☒ Total Score
☐ Language Development
☐ Academic/Cognitive
☐ Physical Development

Start

Total Score

Examine a child's
progress across
multiple screening
sessions with an
easy-to-interpret
graph



For a child with two
or more screenings
entered in the
OMS, progress can
be plotted across
multiple screenings

Date of Screening ▼	Child's Chronological Age ▼	Age Equivalent Score ▼
9/10/2018	4-0	3-9
3/29/2019	4-7	4-5

Track a child's
progress in
terms of age
equivalent scores

Group Screening Summary Report

Quickly see how an entire program, school, or class performed during a specific time period

Report Options

School/Class

Filter by Date ☐ Filter by Date

Start Date

End Date

Gender

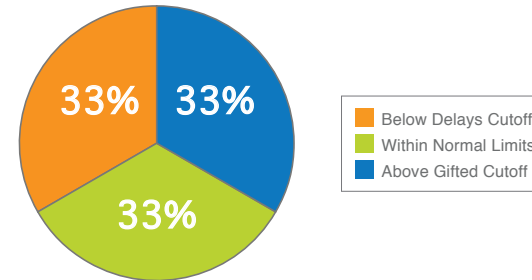
Ethnicity/Race

Language

Free/Reduced Lunch

Include only the most recent ☒

Start



Sort by score or performance to facilitate data analysis and support planning

Name ▲	Date Screened ▼	Core Assessment ▼	Total Raw Score ▼	Performance ▼
Cristina Alvarez	08/20/2018	5-Year-Old/K Data Sheet	84.0	Within Normal Limits
Keshawn Brant	09/12/2018	5-Year-Old/K Data Sheet	59.0	Below Delays Cutoff
Sophia Ruiz	09/03/2018	4-Year-Old Data Sheet	62.0	Below Delays Cutoff
Valerie Duncan	09/01/2018	5-Year-Old/K Data Sheet	85.0	Within Normal Limits
Elijah Ferguson	09/24/2018	4-Year-Old Data Sheet	93.0	Above Gifted Cutoff
Dominic Cho	08/20/2018	4-Year-Old Data Sheet	67.0	Below Delays Cutoff
Molly Lam	09/10/2018	4-Year-Old Data Sheet	63.0	Within Normal Limits
Dylan McCabe	09/10/2018	5-Year-Old/K Data Sheet	91.0	Above Gifted Cutoff
Luis Vasquez	08/01/2018	4-Year-Old Data Sheet	92.0	Above Gifted Cutoff

Gain insight into each child's performance at the domain level when you export the report

Export as CSV

Name	Date Screened	Physical Development		Language Development	
		Score	Performance	Score	Performance
Cristina Alvarez	08/20/2018	125	Above Average	95	Average
Keshawn Brant	09/12/2018	<65	Below Average	69	Below Average
Sophia Ruiz	09/03/2018	99	Average	62	Below Average
Valerie Duncan	09/01/2018	117	Above Average	72	Below Average

At-Risk Report

Report Options

School/Class

Filter by Date ☐

Start Date

End Date

Gender

Ethnicity/Race

Language

Free/Reduced Lunch

Include only the most recent ☒

Start

Filter Results

Name	Core Assessment	Total Score	Number of Risk Factors	At-Risk Domain	At-Risk Score	Performance Compared to At-Risk Cutoff	Recommendation
Keshawn Brant	5-Year-Old/K Data Sheet	59.0	3	N/A	N/A	N/A	Refer for further evaluation
Sophia Ruiz	4-Year-Old Data Sheet	62.0	5	Academic Skills/ Cognitive Development	15	Below At-Risk Cutoff	Refer for further evaluation
Dominic Cho	4-Year-Old Data Sheet	67.0	4	Academic Skills/ Cognitive Development	30	Above At-Risk Cutoff	Rescreen within 6 months

Export as CSV

Easily identify children who scored below the potential developmental delays cutoff in each school or class

For children with four or more psychosocial risk factors, view performance compared to at-risk cutoffs

Name	Date of Birth	Weeks Premature	Gender	Ethnicity/ Race	Language	Free/Reduced Lunch
Keshawn Brant	08/06/2013	1	Male	African-American	English	No
Sophia Ruiz	01/03/2014	3	Female	Hispanic	Spanish	Yes
Dominic Cho	11/17/2013	6	Male	Asian	English	Yes

Export the report and view student information to understand scores and recommendations in context



Self-help & Social-Emotional Skills

Get immediate access to more than 300 developmentally appropriate activities and streamline individualized instruction

Objective

Objective
To read uppercase and lowercase letters.

DOMAIN
Literacy: Alphabet Knowledge

RATIONALE Knowledge of the alphabet is an essential component of learning to read and write. Key findings of The National Early Literacy Panel Report identify alphabet knowledge—knowledge of the names of printed letters and sounds associated with printed letters—as a key predictor to later literacy achievement.

RELATED STUDY
Visual Design
Prints Up
Prints Pe

TEACH UPPERCASE LETTERS FIRST

It is best to teach uppercase letters first. They are easier to distinguish from each other. Begin with letters in the children's names. Then do other letters, a few at a time. Once the children can identify uppercase letters, introduce lowercase letters. Begin with letters in the children's names then do the others.

Similar letters may be difficult to distinguish. Help the child distinguish a letter by giving her special tips for that letter. For example, if the child confuses b with d, show the child a card with the word "bed." Draw a bed over the letters. Write b at the head of the bed; write d at the foot of the bed. Say, "This word is bed. It begins with b and ends with d." This gives a strong visual memory for the child each time she writes the letter.

TEACH CHILDREN TO READ ALTERNATE FORMS

The letters a and g can be written in two different ways. To avoid confusion, show children the a and g in a book and the a and g on the alphabet chart in the classroom.

As an aid to teaching letter names, display an alphabet border and refer to it often. Pair each letter with a picture of an object that begins with that letter. An alphabet can be taped to each child's desk to provide a model for writing.

SEQUENCE OF PREREQUISITE SKILLS

SEQUENCE OF PREREQUISITE SKILLS

The following prerequisite skills are included as a general guide for planning your instruction. Before a child is expected to read letters, she should be able to:

- discriminate between letters. (See Visual Discrimination.)

- visually discriminate f
- recite the alphabet.

TEACHING SEQUENCE

1. **Initially, Teach at the Receptive Level**
Initially, teach a child to read letters at the receptive level. For example, have the child match identical letters. When the child can consistently match identical letters, have her point to a letter when you say the letter name.

PROVIDE CHILDREN WITH NAME CARDS

Prepare a name card for each child and use it to label a child's cubby. You can use name cards in a variety of ways to get children to recognize and read letters: in the Writing Center where children use them as a model when they write; on "turns lists" so children know which centers they go to on a particular day; on a job chart so children know their assignment for the week.

ATTACH MEANING TO LETTERS

Letters have little or no meaning for some children. Children who have had very limited experience with letters in their environment do not attach meaning to them. Rather than presenting letters as symbols, associate letters with sounds and concrete objects as much as possible (e.g., associate the letter B with a Bee; P with the vegetable Peas; S with See; J with the bird Jay, and so on; use environmental print/logos to convey that letters/words have meaning).

INCLUDE WITH OTHER ALPHABET ACTIVITIES

Encourage children to read letters while engaged in a variety of alphabet activities. For example,

- children name the letters when doing an alphabet puzzle.
- during transitions you hold up a letter card, and say, for example, "If your name begins with this letter, read the letter and then line up for lunch."
- During circle time you hold up a name card and ask the child whose name it is to read the first letter or all the letters in her name.
- children write their own names and read the letters as they write using name cards as models.

Help strengthen school-home connections with downloadable letters, parent report and feedback forms, take-home learning plans, and take-home activities

Family Connections

General Letters and Forms (English)

Letters to Send Home

Parent Report

Parent Feedback Form

General Letters and Forms (Spanish)

Letters to Send Home

Parent Report

Parent Feedback Form

Physical Development

Letters to Send Home

Learning Plans

Language Development

Letters to Send Home

Learning Plans

Literacy

Letters to Send Home

Learning Plans

Take-Home Activities

Mathematics

Letters to Send Home

Learning Plans

Take-Home Activities

Count Up to Ten Objects [English](#) | [Spanish](#)

[I Am Learning to Count Things](#)

[Counts in Order](#)

Count Aloud from Memory [English](#) | [Spanish](#)

[I Am Learning to Say Numbers in Order](#)

[Counts Objects](#)

Read the Numerals 0-100 [English](#) | [Spanish](#)

[I Am Learning to Read Numerals](#)

[Reads Numbers](#)

What Quantity Each Numeral from 0-10 Represents [English](#) | [Spanish](#)

[I Am Learning What Numerals Stand For](#)

[Understands Numbers](#)

Writing Numerals in Order [English](#) | [Spanish](#)

[I Am Learning to Write Numerals in Order](#)

[Writes Numbers in Order](#)

Develop an Understanding of These Differences [English](#) | [Spanish](#)

[I Am Learning about Size, Weight, and](#)

Directional and Positional Concepts [English](#) | [Spanish](#)

Self-Help & Social-Emotional Skills

Letters to Send Home

Dear Families,
Your child is working on **writing numerals in order**. There are many things you can do at home to help your child learn this important skill. Use the following numeral formations as a guide when working with your child.

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

Here are some activities to try with your child:

1. **Make a numeral tracing card.** Use a 9" x 12" sheet of heavy-grade paper or cardboard. Write the numerals 0-9 on the card. Clip a piece of tracing paper over the card, and have your child trace each numeral.
2. **Use dotted lines to write the numerals 0-9** on a sheet of paper. Tell your child that the lines are a railroad track, and the pencil is the train. Have your child try to keep the train on the track while tracing each numeral.
3. **Leave blanks for missing numerals** as you write the numerals 0-9 in order on a sheet of paper. Have your child write the missing numerals.
4. **Use different media** (paint, markers, chalk, crayons) to make practicing writing numerals more fun. You might also let your child finger paint the numerals in paint, shaving cream, or even pudding!
5. **Have your child make a numeral chart** on a large piece of cardboard or paper. Have your child decorate the chart. Hang it in a prominent place (on the refrigerator door, or on your child's bedroom door).
6. **Make a set of numeral flashcards 0-9** out of index cards. Show your child a numeral, that you might find at your local library: Lobel, Anita. *One Uplifted*; One Moon. Micklethwait, Lucy. *I Spy Two Eyes: Numbers in Art*. Morozumi, Atsuko. *One Gorilla: A Counting Book*.
7. **Read books with your child** that show numerals in sequence. Here are a few suggestions

MI PLAN DE APRENDIZAJE
Estoy aprendiendo a escribir los números en orden.

My Learning Plan: Mathematics 5

My name is _____
I am learning to write numbers in order.

4 5 6

